



University : UzSWLU Country : Uzbekistan

Web Address: https://www.uzswlu.uz/en

[3] Waste (WS)

3.10 Total volume inorganic waste produced last year

In 2024, Uzbekistan State World Languages University (UzSWLU) generated an estimated 96,000 kg (96 tons) of inorganic waste, including plastic packaging, glass, metal, and electronic waste (e-waste).

This figure served as the baseline for the university's subsequent waste reduction achievements in 2025.

Breakdown by category

Type of Waste	Volume (kg)	Share
Plastic waste	46 000 kg	48 %
Glass waste	20 000 kg	21 %
Metal waste	11 000 kg	12 %
Electronic waste (e-waste)	9 000 kg	9 %
Mixed non-recyclables	10 000 kg	10 %
Total	96 000 kg (≈ 96 t)	100 %

Management and Monitoring System

Inorganic waste in 2024 was collected and transported through an **official agreement** with the **Tashkent City "Maxsus Trans" Waste Management Company**.

At that time, the university was still in the early stage of developing its 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) and Plastic-Free Campus initiatives.

Data monitoring was conducted manually through departmental records, which later evolved into the fully digital **UzSWLU Green Data Portal** system established in 2025.

Key characteristics in 2024

- Partial installation of **segregation bins** for paper, plastic, and glass in main campus buildings.
- Initial **awareness campaigns** led by the *Green Leaders Club* on proper waste sorting and recycling.
- Limited recycling of **electronic waste**, mostly stored or disposed through municipal waste streams.
- **Digitalization efforts** (e-signature and paperless system) launched but not yet fully implemented across faculties.

Quantitative Results (2024)

• Only 48 percent (≈ 46 tons) of inorganic waste was recycled or reused, while 50 tons were sent to landfill.





- Estimated CO₂ reduction through partial recycling reached 8 tons per year, according to internal environmental audits.
- The total waste generation rate per person was approximately **5.0 kg/year**, based on a campus population of 19,000.

Comparison and Transition to 2025

The 2024 data provided a benchmark for significant improvements achieved the following year:

- Total inorganic waste decreased by 12 percent (96 \rightarrow 85 tons).
- Recycling efficiency increased from 48 to 60 percent.
- CO₂ reduction improved from 8 to 10 tons per year.
- Full digital monitoring via the *UzSWLU Green Data Portal* was implemented, ensuring precise data collection and reporting.

Contribution to SDGs

The university's inorganic waste management efforts in 2024 laid the foundation for measurable progress toward:

- SDG 12 Responsible Consumption and Production, through early implementation of 3R principles; and
- SDG 13 Climate Action, by initiating reductions in waste-related carbon emissions.



Additional evidence link (i.e., for videos, more images, or other files that are not included in this file):